



SAFETY DATA SHEET

THOMPSON'S EMERGENCY ROOF REPAIR MASTIC

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name THOMPSON'S EMERGENCY ROOF REPAIR MASTIC

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses A mastic sealant for the emergency repair of most leaking roofs etc.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Ronseal Ltd
Thornccliffe Park
Chapelton
Sheffield
S35 2YP
+44 (0) 114 246 7171
enquiry@ronseal.co.uk

Contact Person sds@ronseal.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: (0114) 246 7171 (office hours only)
Fax: (0114) 245 5629

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (1999/45/EEC) R43. R10, R52/53, R66.

2.2. Label elements

Contains ISODECYCLOXYPROPYLAMINE ACETATE

Labelling



Irritant

Risk Phrases

R10	Flammable.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R52/53	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Safety Phrases

S2	Keep out of the reach of children.
S24/25	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S37	Wear suitable gloves.
S46	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas.
S56	Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

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2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

ISODECYCLOXYPROPYLAMINE ACETATE		1-2.5%
CAS-No.: 28701-67-9	EC No.:	
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R22. C;R34. N;R50/53.	
White Spirit		10-25%
CAS-No.: 64742-82-1	EC No.: 265-185-4	
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R10,R66.	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air, keep the patient warm and at rest. If breathing has stopped administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and seek medical advice.

Ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water, or use a recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Seek medical advice if any irritation persists.

Eye contact

Contact lenses should be removed. Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Fire can be extinguished using: recommended: alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂), powders, water spray/ mist. Not to be used for safety reasons: water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3. Advice for firefighters

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Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Avoid breathing vapours. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite, and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13).

Before dealing with spillage ensure there is adequate ventilation and that the protective measures detailed are observed. If the product enters drains or sewers, immediately contact the local water company; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the relevant environment agency.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of dust. High standards of skin care and personal hygiene should be exercised at all times. Medical advice should be sought without delay if warts appear. Skin exposure combined with exposure to sunlight or UV radiation may also result in redness, swelling and burning effects. The HSE guidance leaflet Skin cancer caused by pitch and tar be issued to all employees. This product contains a skin sensitiser. Hands should be inspected on a regular basis for any signs of skin damage or inflammation. If in doubt, advice should be taken from a competent health practitioner on assessment and health surveillance of employees exposed to this product (the HSE's Employment Medical Advisory Service can advise on competency). It is recommended that advice should be taken from a competent health practitioner on the assessment of employees with skin or respiratory complaints before the individual is exposed to this product.

For personal protection, refer to Section 8.

The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers/packages of this product. Refer to the guide weight indicated on the container when carrying out assessments.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Observe the label precautions. Store between 5°C and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated place, away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials. Do not store near foodstuffs.

The principles contained in the HSE Guidance Note: Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances, should be observed when storing this product.

To avoid the risk of spillage, always store and transport in a secure and upright position.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min		Notes
ISODECYCLOXYPROPYLAMINE ACETATE		No std.		No std.		
White Spirit	SUP		350 mg/m3			

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits SUP = Supplier's recommendation.

8.2. Exposure controls

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Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and/or solvent vapours below the relevant occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn.

Respiratory equipment

If exposure to hazardous substances identified above cannot be controlled by the provision of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn.

Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves to avoid the possibility of skin contact.

Eye protection

Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn.

Other Protection

Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner. Do not use solvents or thinners as skin cleaning agents. All personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of the COSHH Regulations.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Fibrous Paste
Colour	Black.
Odour	Characteristic solvent type.
Solubility	Immiscible with water.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	150 minimum
Relative density	1.17@ 20
Flash point	50 approx CC (Closed cup).
Auto Ignition Temperature (°C)	> 300
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	0.9
Flammability Limit - Upper(%)	8.0

9.2. Other information

Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) 297 g/litre

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable if stored under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, amines and alcohols may be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information

Exposure to organic solvent vapours in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membrane and the respiratory system and adverse effects on the kidney, liver and central nervous systems. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

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Repeated or prolonged contact with the product may lead to removal of natural fats from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible local damage.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin can lead to the development of warts. These can take various forms. A few are potentially cancerous. These can be cured with early treatment.

Medical advice should be sought without delay if warts or photo-toxic erythema effects (redness and burning of the skin) occur.

General information

When bitumen is mixed with a diluent, some studies have indicated that the components can become more bio-available. The carcinogenicity of the preparation is dependent on the type and nature of the diluent used since the polycyclic aromatic content of bitumen is low.

Medical Symptoms

COSHH requires that persons exposed to products containing a skin sensitiser at a concentration of above 1% (or a lower level if indicated as such in the Approved Supply List), to be subject to appropriate health surveillance.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for ecological hazards accordingly. See Sections 3 and 15 for details.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute Fish Toxicity

There is no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradability

There is no data available on the product itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow into drains or watercourses, or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes and emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations (in England, Scotland & Wales) or The Controlled Waste (Duty of Care) Regulations in Northern Ireland. Using information provided in this data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in an accident or spillage.
Limited Quantity concessions may apply to the carriage of this product.

14.1. UN number

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UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1999

UN No. (IMDG) 1999

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name TARS, LIQUID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 3: Flammable liquids.

IMDG Class 3

Transport Labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group III

IMDG Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-E; S-E

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

This information contained in this data sheet is provided in accordance with the requirements of The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations [CHIP].

The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks as required by other health and safety legislation.

The provisions of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

The Manual Handling Operations Regulations

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations.

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations.

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road [ADR]

Guidance Notes

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

EU Legislation

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

Water hazard classification

The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses, or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.

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15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

General information

The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

For specific guidance contact Ronseal Technical Services. [Helpline +44 (0) 114 240 9469] ; Email: enquiry@ronseal.co.uk

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SDS No. 11010/1

Safety Data Sheet Status Approved.

Risk Phrases In Full

R34	Causes burns.
R10	Flammable.
R22	Harmful if swallowed.
R52/53	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Hazard Statements In Full

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Disclaimer

Information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data considered to be accurate at the time of its preparation. Despite our efforts, it may not be up to date or applicable to the circumstances of any particular case. ,

The supplier accepts no responsibility whatsoever (except otherwise provided in law) for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to follow appropriate practices or from hazards inherent in the product.