

**AkzoNobel** 

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **EXPANDING FOAM POLYFILLA**

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : EXPANDING FOAM POLYFILLA

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Aerosol.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K.

Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 71 71

www.polycell.co.uk

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: polycell.advice@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Telephone number** : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000

Version : 2.01

Date of previous issue : 9-8-2016

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Lact., H362

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown

: 0%

: 0%

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

### **Precautionary statements**

General : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage P410 - Protect from sunlight.

P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate

alkanes, C14-17, chloro

Supplemental label

elements

articles

Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements (CEPE)

: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture 3.2 Mixtures

			Classification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% (w/w)	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate	CAS: 9016-87-9	≥50 - <55	Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
			Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
			Resp. Sens. 1, H334	
			Skin Sens. 1, H317	
			Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335	
			STOT SE 3, H333 STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation)	
dimethyl ether	REACH #:	≥10 - <25	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[2]
difficulty cure	01-2119472128-37	=10 - 125	1 14111. 043 1, 11220	1-3
	EC: 204-065-8		Press. Gas, H280	
	CAS: 115-10-6			
	Index:			
	603-019-00-8			
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	REACH #: 01-2119519269-33	≥1 - <2.5	Lact., H362	[1]
	EC: 287-477-0		Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
	CAS: 85535-85-9		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	Index: 602-095-00-X		EUH066	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General

: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact** Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Skin contact** 

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2. Environmental precautions** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

## Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

**Danger criteria** 

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids	150	500

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

## 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser.  STEL: 0,07 mg/m³, (as NCO) 15 minutes.
dimethyl ether	TWA: 0,02 mg/m³, (as NCO) 8 hours.  EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).  STEL: 958 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 766 mg/m³ 8 hours.

## Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

## **PNECs**

No PNECs available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

## **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

**Body protection** 

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

#### **OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:**

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

Odour : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not available.

Flash point : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Upper/lower flammability or

**explosive limits** 

: Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density : Not available.

: 0.986 Relative density

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Kinematic (room temperature): 10.13 cm<sup>2</sup>/s Viscosity

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** Not available.

9.2. Other information

Type of aerosol : Spray

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

10.5. Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous

decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	308000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapours)	9000 ppm 22 mg/l 3 mg/l

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Sensitisation** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate	Category 2	Inhalation	Not determined

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Other information : Not available.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0,1	-	low

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB : Not applicable.

vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

**12.6. Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of

all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Disposal considerations** 

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations**: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from

the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

**Special precautions**: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	2	2.1
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
HI/Kemler number	Not applicable.	
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-D,S-U
14.7 Transport in bu according to Annex MARPOL and the IB	II of	
Additional information	Tunnel code (D)	-

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : Not available.

**Europe inventory** : At least one component is not listed.

Priority List Chemicals : Listed

(793/93/EEC)

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	•	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Carc. 2, H351	-	- Lact., H362	-

## Aerosol dispensers

3



Extremely flammable

## **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

## **Danger criteria**

Category

P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids

## **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical Safety** 

**Assessment** 

: Not applicable.

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

**CEPE** code

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Classifi	cation	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Lact., H362 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		On basis of test data Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H220 H222, H229 H280 H315 H317	Extremely flammable gas. Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

11220	Extremely naminable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container:
	may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H332 (inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing
	difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
	repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Full text of classifications** [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2, H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category
	2
Flam. Gas 1, H220	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
Lact., H362	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation
Press. Gas Comp. Gas,	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
H280	
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
1	`

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**EXPANDING FOAM POLYFILLA** 

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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