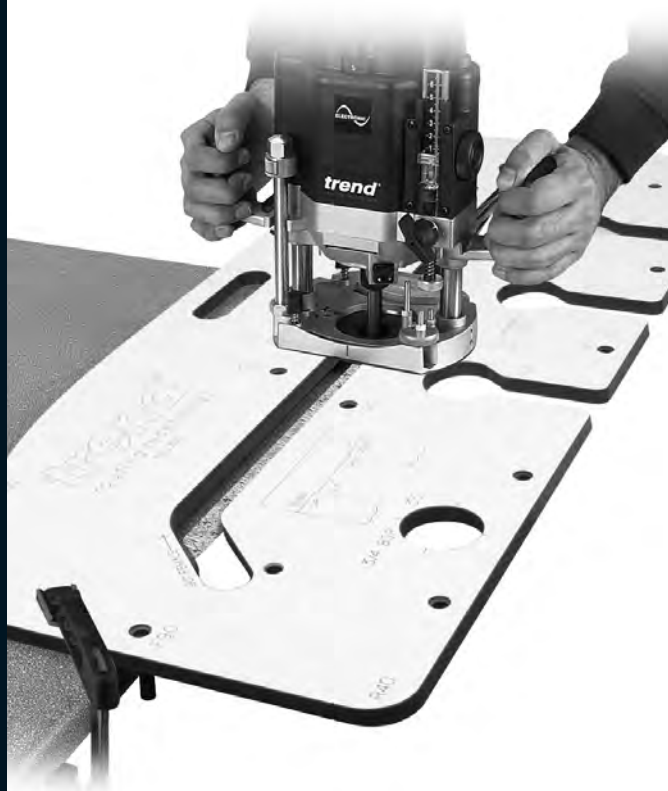




# KWJ700



**trend**<sup>®</sup>  
routing technology



Please read these instructions before use.

Dear Customer

Thank you for purchasing this Trend product, we hope you enjoy many years of creative and productive use.

Please remember to return your guarantee card within 28 days of purchase.

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## TECHNICAL DATA

Jig thickness	12mm
Cutter size	12.7mm
Workpiece thickness max.	45mm
Worktop width	min. 250mm max. 700mm
Guide bush size	30mm
Weight	5.4kg

The following symbols are used throughout this manual:

Denotes risk of personal injury, loss of life or damage to the tool in case of non-observance of the instructions in this manual.

**i**  Refer to the instruction manual of your power tool.

This unit must not be put into service until it has been established that the power tool to be connected to this unit is in compliance with 2006/42/EC (identified by the CE marking on the power tool).

## INTENDED USE

This jig is intended for use with a plunge router with suitable guide bush and router cutter fitted to rout a kitchen worktop joint in laminate covered particle board.



If you require further safety advice, technical information, or spare parts, please call Trend Technical Support or visit [www.trend-uk.com](http://www.trend-uk.com)

### SAFETY

#### WARNING:



Observe the safety regulations in the instruction manual of the power tool to be used. Please read the following instructions carefully. Failure to do so could lead to serious injury. When using electric tools, basic safety precautions, including the following should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal injury. Also observe any applicable additional safety rules. Read the following safety instructions before attempting to operate this product.

#### PLEASE KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS IN A SAFE PLACE.

The attention of UK users is drawn to The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998, and any subsequent amendments.

Users should also read the HSE/HSC Safe Use of Woodworking Machinery Approved Code of Practice and Guidance Document and any amendments.

Users must be competent with woodworking equipment before using our products.

#### IMPORTANT NOTE:

**Residual Risk.** Although the safety instructions and operating manuals for our tools contain extensive instructions on safe working with power tools, every power tool involves a certain residual risk which cannot be completely excluded by safety mechanisms. Power tools must therefore always be operated with caution!

#### General

1. Disconnect power tool and attachment from power supply when not in use, before servicing, when making adjustments and when changing accessories such as cutters. Ensure switch is in "off" position. Always ensure cutter has stopped rotating.
2. Always mount the power tool, accessory or attachment in conformity with the instructions. Only use attachment and accessories specified in the power tool manual. The tool or attachment should not be modified or used for any application other than that for which it was designed. Do not force tool.
3. Keep children and visitors away. Do not let children or visitors touch the tool, accessory or attachment. Keep children and visitors away from work area. Make the workshop child proof with padlock and master switch.
4. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery, they can be caught in moving parts. Rubber gloves and non-skid footwear is recommended when working

outdoors. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.

5. Consider working environment. Do not use the product in the rain or in a damp environment. Keep work area well lit. Do not use power tools near gasoline or flammable liquids. Keep workshop at a comfortable temperature so your hands are not cold. Connect machines that are used in the open via a residual current device (RCD) with an actuation current of 30 mA maximum. Use only extension cables that are approved for outdoor use.
6. The accessory or attachment must be kept level and stable at all times.
7. Keep work area clean. Cluttered workshops and benches can cause injuries. Ensure there is sufficient room to work safely.
8. Secure idle tools. When not in use, tools should be stored in a dry and high or locked up place, out of reach of children.
9. For best control and safety use both hands on the power tool and attachment. Keep both hands away from cutting area. Always wait for the spindle and cutter to stop rotating before making any adjustments.
10. Always keep guards in place and in good working order.
11. Remove any nails, staples and other metal parts from the workpiece.
12. Maintain tools and cutters with care. Keep cutters sharp and clean for better and safer performance. Do not use damaged cutters. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories. Keep handles dry, clean and free from oil and grease.
13. Maintain accessories. Do not use damaged accessories. Only use accessories recommended by the manufacturer.
14. Check damaged parts. Before operation inspect the attachment, the power tool, the cable, extension cable and the plug carefully for signs of damage. Check for alignment of moving parts, binding, breakage, mounting and any other conditions that may effect its operation. Have any damage repaired by an Authorised Service Agent before using the tool or accessory. Protect tools from impact and shock.
15. Do not use tool if switch does not turn it on or off. Have defective switches replaced by an Authorised Service Agent
16. Don't over reach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. Do not use

awkward or uncomfortable hand positions.

17. Don't abuse the cable. Never carry power tool or accessory by cord or pull it to disconnect from the socket. Keep cord from heat, oil and sharp edges. Always trail the power cord away from the work area.
18. Connect dust extraction equipment. If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used.
19. Check all fixing and fastening nuts, bolts and screws on power tool, attachment and cutting tools before use to ensure they are tight and secure. Periodically check when machining over long periods.
20. Stay alert. Watch what you are doing. Use common sense. Do not operate tools when you are tired, under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
21. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for eye, ear and respiratory protection must be worn. All PPE must meet current UK and EU legislation.
22. Do not leave tools running unattended. Do not leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.
23. Always clamp workpiece being machined securely.
24. Only use cutting tools for woodworking that meet EN847-1/2 safety standards, and any subsequent amendments.
25. Vibration levels. Hand held power tools produce different vibration levels. You should always refer to the specifications and relevant Health & Safety Guide.

#### Routing Safety

1. Read and understand instructions supplied with power tool, attachment and cutter.
2. Keep hands, hair and clothing clear of the cutter.
3. Remove adjusting keys and spanners. Check to see that keys and adjusting spanners are removed from the router tool, cutter and attachment before turning router on. Make sure cutter can rotate freely.
4. Noise. Take appropriate measures for the protection of hearing if the sound pressure of 85dB(A) is exceeded. Routing sound pressure may exceed 85dB(A), so ear protection must be worn.
5. Eye protection. Always wear eye protection in the form of safety goggles, spectacles or visors to protect the eyes.

6. Respiratory protection. Wear a face or dust mask, or powered respirator. Dust masks/filters should be changed regularly.
7. Do not switch router on with the cutter touching the workpiece. At the end of the cut, release the router plunge and allow spindle to stop rotating. Never use the spindle lock as a brake.
8. The direction of routing must always be opposite to the cutter's direction of rotation. Do not back-cut or climb-cut.
9. Check before cutting that there are no obstructions in the path of the router. Ensure there are no obstacles beneath workpiece when cutting full thickness, and that a sacrificial work surface is used.

### Router Cutter Safety

1. Cutting tools are sharp. Care should be taken when handling them. Do not drop cutters or knock them against hard objects. Handle very small diameter cutters with extra care. Always return cutter to its packaging after use.
2. Always use cutters with a shank diameter corresponding to the size of the collet installed in your tool.
3. The maximum speed (n.max) marked on the tool, or in instructions or on packaging shall not be exceeded. Where stated the speed range shall be adhered to. Recommended speeds are shown in the Trend Routing Always use router cutters in a router. Drill and boring bits must not be used in a router. Router cutters must only be used for the material cutting application for which they are designed. Do not use on metal or masonry.
5. Never use cutters with a diameter exceeding the maximum diameter indicated in the technical data of the power tool or attachment used.
6. Before each use check that the cutting tool is sharp and free from damage. Do not use the cutting tool if it is dull, broken or cracked or if in any other damage is noticeable or suspected.
7. Cutters should be kept clean. Resin build up should be removed at regular intervals with Resin Cleaner. The use of a PTFE dry lubricant will reduce resin build up. Do not use PTFE spray on plastic parts.
8. When using stacked tooling (multi-blade, block and groover etc.) on a spindle arbor, ensure that the cutting edges are staggered to each other to reduce the cutting impact.
9. Cutter shanks should be inserted into the collet all the way to the line indicated on the shank. This ensures that at least 3/4 of the shank length is held in the collet. Ensure clamping surfaces are cleaned to remove dirt, grease, oil and water.
10. Observe the correct assembly and fitting instructions in the router instruction manual for fitting the collet, nut and cutter.
11. Tool and tool bodies shall be clamped in such a way that they will not become loose during operation. Care shall be taken when mounting cutting tools to ensure that the clamping is by the shank of the cutting tool and that the cutting edges are not in contact with each other or with the clamping elements.
12. It is advisable to periodically check the collet and collet nut. A damaged, worn or distorted collet and nut can cause vibration and shank damage. Do not over-tighten the collet nut.
13. Do not take deep cuts in one pass; take several shallow or light passes to reduce the side load applied to the cutter and router. Too deep a cut in one pass can stall the router.
14. In case of excessive vibrations whilst using the router stop immediately and have the eccentricity of the router, router cutter and clamping system checked by competent personnel.
15. All fastening screws and nuts should be tightened using the appropriate spanner or key and to the torque value provided by the manufacturer.
16. Extension of the spanner or tightening using hammer blows shall not be permitted.
17. Clamping screws shall be tightened according to instructions provided by the manufacturer. Where instructions are not provided, clamping screws shall be tightened in sequence from the centre outwards.

### Using Routers In A Fixed Position

1. Attention should be made to the HSE's Safe Use of Vertical Spindle Moulding Machines Information Sheet No.18 and any revisions.
2. After work, release the router plunge to protect the cutter.
3. Always use a push-stick or push-block when making any cut less than 300mm in length or when feeding the last 300mm of the cut.
4. The opening around the cutter should be reduced to a minimum using suitably sized insert rings in the table and closing the back fence cheeks or fitting a false fence on the back fence.
5. Whenever possible use a work holding device or jig to secure component being machined. Ensure

any attachment is securely fitted to the workbench, with table surface at approximately hip height.

6. Use a No-Volt Release Switch. Ensure it is fixed securely, easily accessible and used correctly.
7. In router table (inverted) mode, stand to the front right of the table. The cutter will rotate anti-clockwise when viewed from top so the feed direction is from the right (against the rotation of the cutter). In overhead mode, stand to the front left of the machine table and the feed direction is from the left.
8. Do not reach underneath table or put your hands or fingers at any time in the cutting path while tool is connected to a power supply.
9. Never thickness timber between the back of the cutter and the backfence.

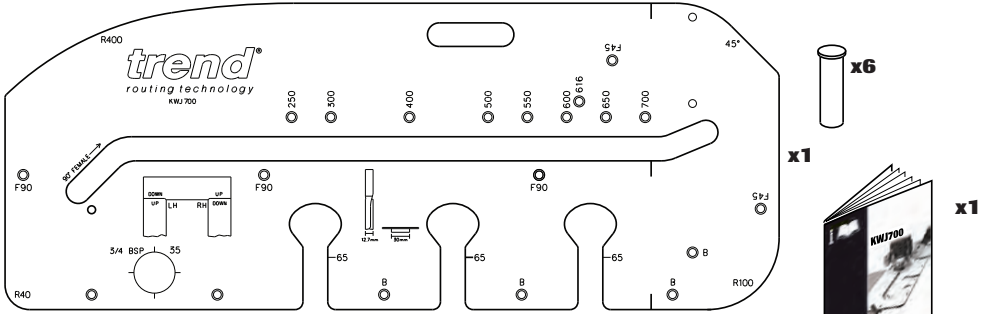
### Useful Advice When Routing

1. Judge your feed rate by the sound of the motor. Feed the router at a constant feed rate. Too slow a feed rate will result in burning.
2. Trial cuts should be made on waste material before starting any project.
3. When using some attachments e.g. a router table or dovetail jig, a fine height adjuster is recommended.
4. When using a template guide bush, ensure there is sufficient clearance between cutter tip and inside edge of bush and that it cannot come into contact with collet and nut. Ensure cutter and guide bush are concentric.

### Router Cutter Repair/Maintenance

1. Repair of tools is only allowed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.
2. The design of composite (tipped) tools shall not be changed in process of repair. Composite tools shall be repaired by a competent person i.e. a person of training and experience, who has knowledge of the design requirements and understands the levels of safety to be achieved.
3. Repair shall therefore include, e.g. the use of spare parts which are in accordance with the specification of the original parts provided by the manufacturer.
4. Tolerances which ensure correct clamping shall be maintained.
5. Care shall be taken that regrinding of the cutting edge will not cause weakening of the body and the connection of the cutting edge to the body.

**ITEMS ENCLOSED**

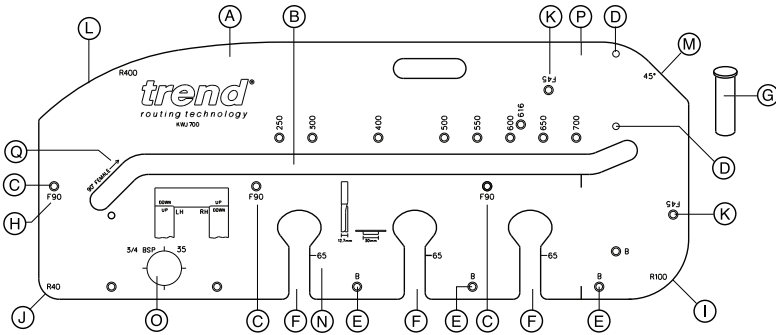


**ITEMS REQUIRED**

- 1/2" plunge router.
- 30mm guide bush.
- 12.7mm diameter x 50mm cut router cutter with 1/2" shank.
- Trestles x 2
- Clamps x 2
- Hand tools.
- Panel connector bolts.
- Wooden biscuits Size No.20.
- Sealant.



**DESCRIPTION OF PARTS**



- (A) Jig body
- (B) Postform joint slot
- (C) Female joint pin location hole
- (D) Male joint pin location hole
- (E) Bolt recess pin location hole
- (F) 150mm connecting bolt open end recess slot
- (G) Pin
- (H) Location hole code
- (I) Radius corner R100
- (J) Radius corner R40
- (K) 22.5° Mitre (Hob) joint pin location hole
- (L) Curved peninsular R400
- (M) 45° angle end cut
- (N) 65mm connection bolt sight line
- (O) 35mm circular hinge recess & 3/4" BSP hole
- (P) Square cut sight line
- (Q) Feed direction arrow line

## ACCESSORIES

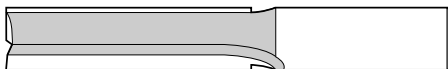
Please use only Trend original Accessories.

### Recommended Cutters

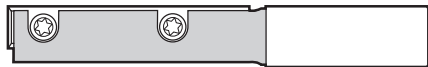
Ref. 3/83X1/2TC, 3/83DX1/2TC, TR17, TR17D, C153X1/2TC, C153DX1/2TC or RT/13X1/2TC

A 12.7mm (1/2") diameter cutter must be used, which has a 50mm cutting reach and plunge cut facility.

C153, C153D, TR17, TR17D, 3/83, 3/83D



RT/13



**Description**  
RT/13 Spare blades

**Order Ref.**  
RB/H (1 off)  
RB/H/10 (10 off)

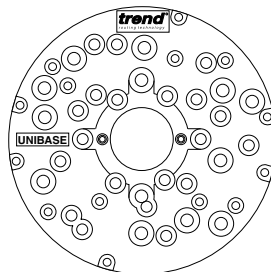
### Sub-base Set

Ref. UNIBASE

To obtain a perfect accurate close fitting joint, a 30mm guide bush must be used. The guide bush must always be fitted concentric with the cutter. This can be achieved using a Universal Sub-base and 30mm outside diameter guide bush ref. GB30.

The Universal Sub-base has a central recess to allow fitting of the guide bush to most makes of routers and is available ready to fit the most popular makes.

The Sub-base contains screws, a line up bush and two line up pins. The line up pins and bush ensure exact alignment of Sub-base with router spindle, when fitted with the relevant collet.



### Fits following router models

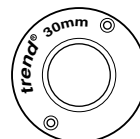
**Atlas Copco** OFSE2000 **Bosch** GOF 1300ACE, 1600A, 1700ACE **Casals** FT2000VCE **DeWalt** DW625EK, 629  
**Draper** R1900V **Elu** MOF 31, 77, 98, 131, 177(E)  
**Felisatti** TP246(E), R346EC **Festo** OF2000E **Freud** FT2000E **Hitachi** MI12V, M12SA, TR12 **Makita** 3612BR, 3612(C) **Metabo** OF1612, OFE1812 **Performance Pro** CLM1250R >11/2003, CLM2050R **Ryobi** RE600N, R600N, RE601, R500, R502 **Skil** 1875U1 **T-TECH** TT/R127  
**Wadkin** R500

### General Instructions for Fitting Sub-bases to Router

1. Fit line up guide bush onto sub-base, with screws supplied.
2. Fit 12.7mm (1/2") shank line up pin into collet of router. Plunge router until pin projects through base and lock plunge.
3. Locate guide bush and sub-base assembly over protruding pin.
4. Line up fixing holes and fit screws.
5. Now tighten up screws.
6. Remove line up bush and line up pin. Alignment should now be correct. Fit 30mm guide bush and cutter.
7. Periodically check the sub-base is concentric to the spindle of the router.

### 30mm Guide Bush

Ref. GB30/A

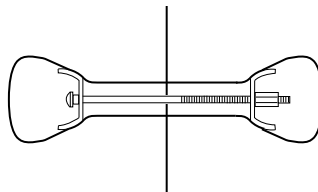


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### Panel Connector Bolts

- Ref. PC/10/M (Pack of 10)
- Ref. PC/50/M (Pack of 50)
- Ref. PC/100/M (Pack of 100)
- Ref. PC/1000/M (Pack of 1000)

Panel butt connectors are essential for connecting worktops. They fit into the recess on the underside of the worktop and are tightened with a 10mm spanner. The jig has integral bolt recess slots to allow the bolt recess to be cut in the underside of the worktop, using the standard router cutter. The recess is elongated to allow easy access for the spanner.

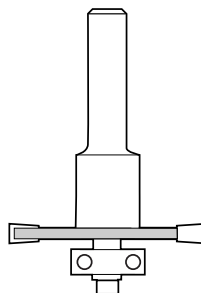


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### Biscuit Joiner for the Router

- Ref. 342X1/2TC
- Ref. TR35X1/2TC
- Ref. C152X1/2TC

Worktops with inadequate support below them need additional stability by biscuit jointing the edges. The biscuit jointing set for the router together with the No.20 biscuits will ensure worktops do not sag or warp in time.

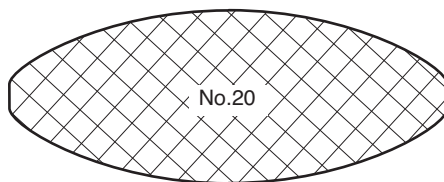


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### Flat Biscuit Dowels

- Ref. BSC/20/100 (Pack of 100 biscuits)
- Ref. BSC/20/1000 (Pack of 1000 biscuits)

Biscuits are used to strengthen the joint. When used with PVA glue they expand ensuring a tight joint.

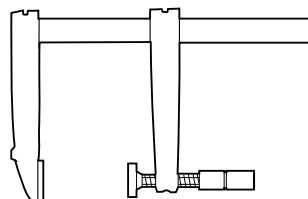


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### Clamps

- Ref. FC/200

Two heavy duty quick action or gripper clamps are required to secure the jig to the worktop.



**Whenever fast action clamps are used, ensure they do not foul the router path and that they are securely tightened.**

## ASSEMBLY

### Location Pin Identification

Four location pins are used in different holes in the jig to align the correct template aperture for the application.

The holes are coded for easy identification with dots as follows:

**F90** – Female Joint

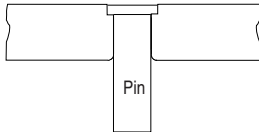
**M90** – Male Joint

**F45** – Hob Mitre Joint

**B** – Connector Bolt Recess

Location pins are tapered to ensure a good tight fit in hole. Insert the smallest end of the pin into the hole by lightly pushing. Ensure pins are fully home before use and head is below surface.

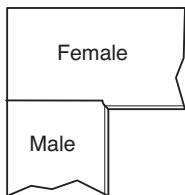
When using jig ensure location pins do not foul workbench.



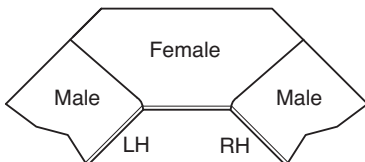
**In order to prevent breakout of the laminate, rotation of the cutter and feed direction must always be into the postform edge of the worktop.**

## TYPES OF JOINTS

### 90° Left Hand Joint

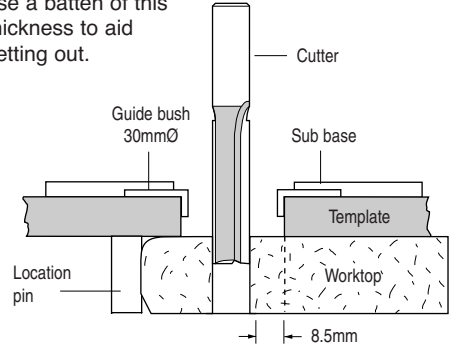


### 45° Joint (Corner Joint)



### Margin Distance

Allow 8.5mm when cutting joints. Measure or use a batten of this thickness to aid setting out.

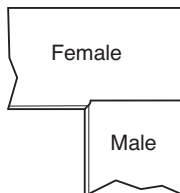


### Setting out the Joints

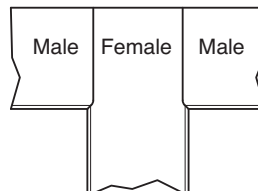
When cutting a joint ensure location pins contact the postformed edge of the worktop. For certain joints the worktop will need to be inverted so that all cuts are made into the postformed edge, never out through it. When routing worktop the balancing paper on the underside may feather edge – this feather edge should be removed with abrasive paper.

**Ensure worktop is held securely to trestles. Ensure jig is clamped securely to worktop and placed at a comfortable work height.**

### 90° Right Hand Joint



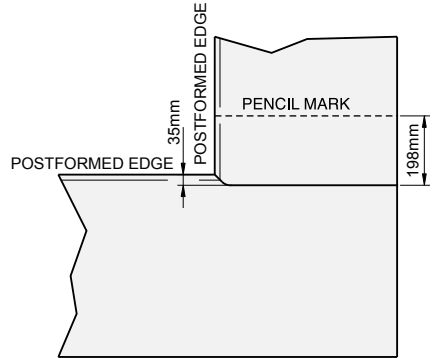
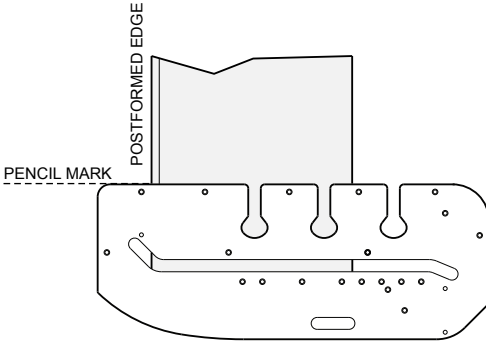
### Peninsular Joint



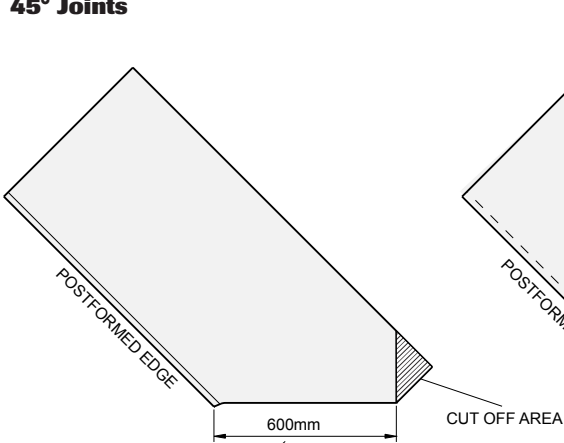


**CUTTING TO SIZE**

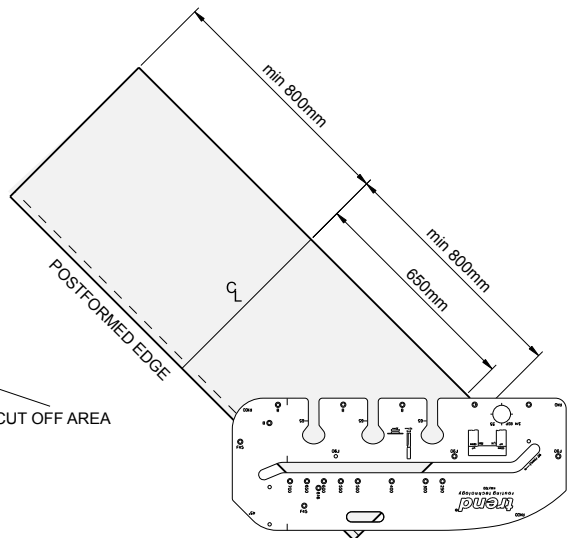
**90° Joints**

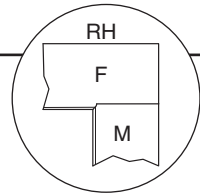


**45° Joints**



Note: This dimension is based on a 600mm wide worktop





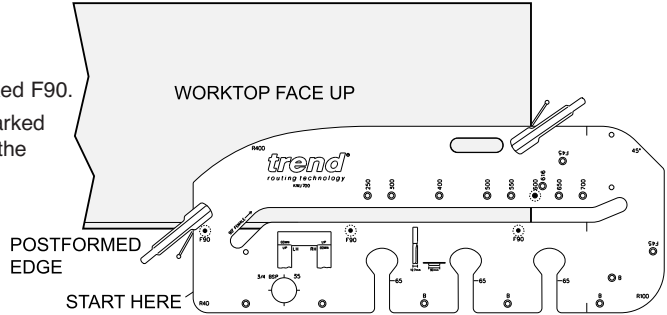
**OPERATION**



**90° JOINT - RIGHT HAND**

**Setting Up for Right Hand  
90° Female Joint**

- Place worktop face up and postformed edge towards you.
- Place three pins in the holes marked F90.
- Place the fourth pin in the hole marked 400, 450, 500, etc. depending on the width of the worktop.
- Position the jig making sure all four pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.



**Routing for Right Hand  
90° Female Joint**

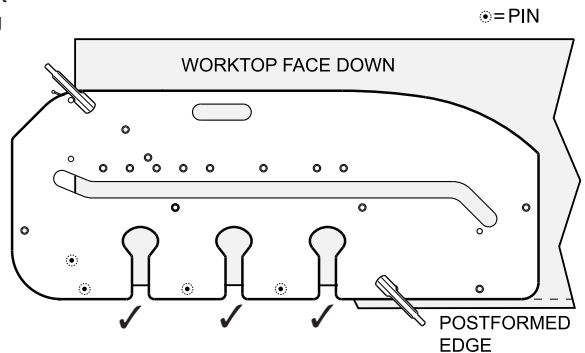
- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

**Release plunge on router at end of each cut.**

**Ensure working position is comfortable. Keep proper footing at all times.**

**Cutting Bolt Recess Slots  
Female 90° Connecting Bolt**

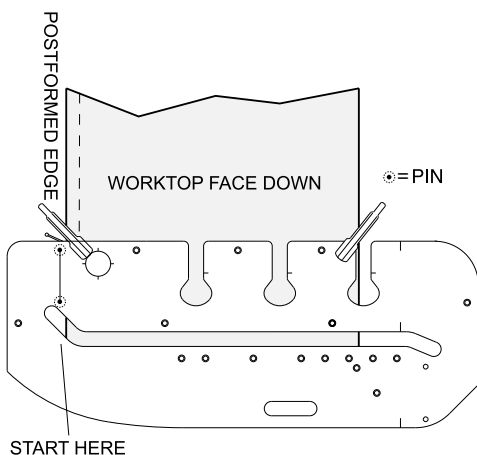
- Place worktop face down with the post formed edge towards you.
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.



**Best results are achieved when the centre line of the bolt corresponds to the centre line of the worktop. Clamp jig securely to worktop.**

### Setting Up for Right Hand 90° Male Joint

- Place worktop face down and postformed edge towards you.
- Place two pins in the holes marked M90.
- Position the jig making sure both pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.

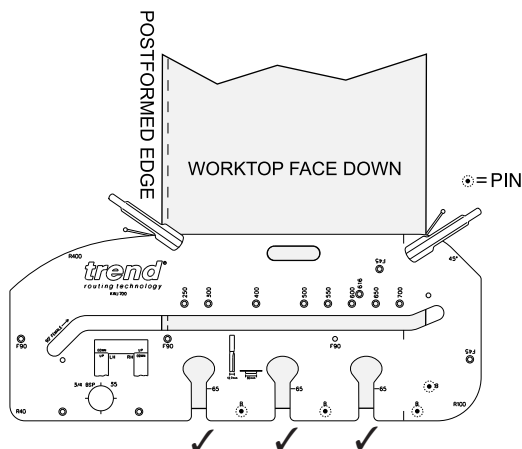


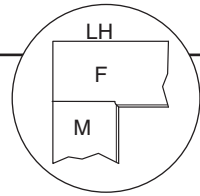
### Routing for Right Hand 90° Male Joint

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

### Cutting Bolt Recess Slots for Male 90° Connecting Bolt

- Place worktop face down.
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.

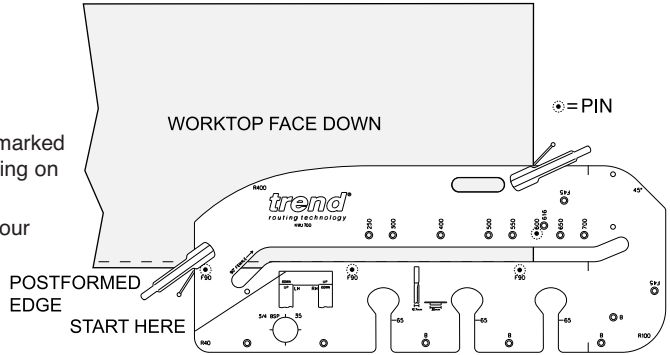




## 90° JOINT - LEFT HAND

### Setting Up for Left Hand 90° Female Joint

- Place worktop face down and postformed edge towards you.
- Place three pins in the holes marked F90.
- Place the fourth pin in the hole marked 250, 300, 400, 500, etc. depending on the width of the worktop.
- Position the jig making sure all four pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.

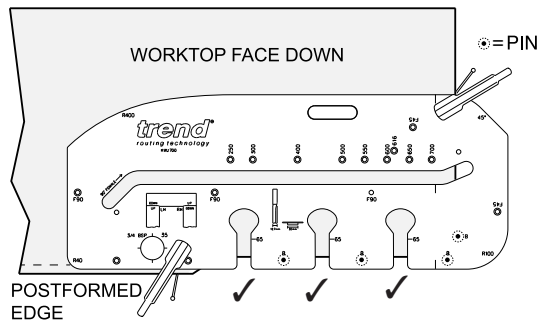


### Routing for Left Hand 90° Female Joint

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

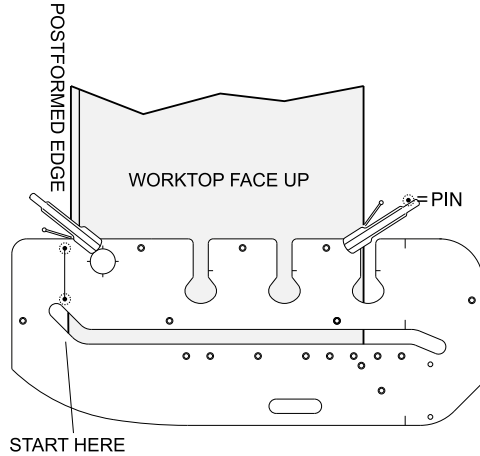
### Cutting Bolt Recess Slots Female 90° Connecting Bolt

- Place worktop face down with the postformed edge towards you.
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.



**Setting Up for Left Hand  
90° Male Joint**

- Place worktop face up and postformed edge towards you.
- Place two pins in the holes marked M90.
- Position the jig making sure both pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.

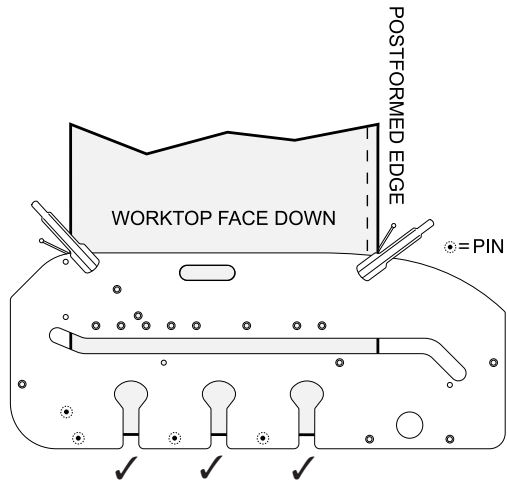


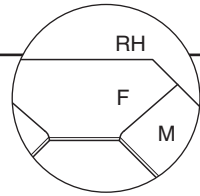
**Routing for Left Hand  
90° Male Joint**

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

**Cutting Bolt Recess Slots for  
Male 90° Connecting Bolt**

- Place worktop face down as shown.
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.

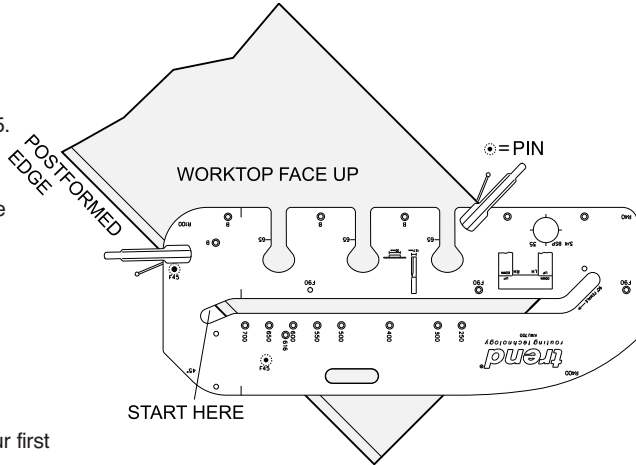




## 45° JOINT - RIGHT HAND

### Setting Up for Right Hand 45° Female Joint

- Place worktop face up and postformed edge as shown.
- Place two pins in the holes marked F45.
- Position the jig making sure the back of the jig is lined up with the pencil mark (650mm from the centre line - see cutting to size diagram).
- Make sure both pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.

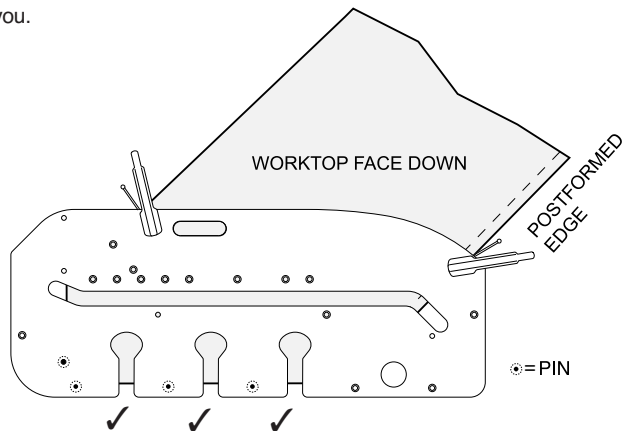


### Routing for Right Hand 45° Female Joint

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

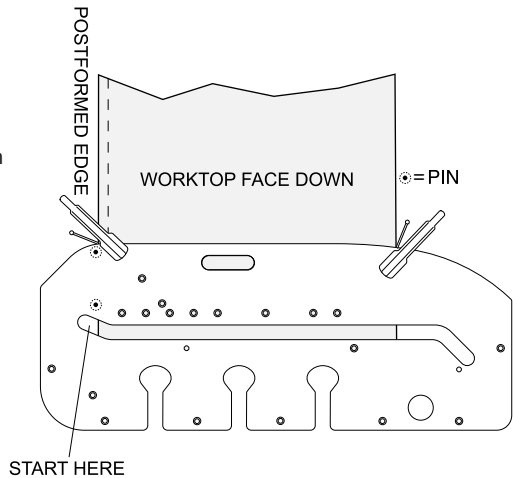
### Cutting Bolt Recess Slots for Female 45° Connecting Bolt

- Place worktop face down with the postformed edge towards you.
- Make sure the shaded area is cut off for the appropriate width of the worktop (see cutting to size diagram).
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop.
- Repeat for all the slots required.



**Setting Up for Right Hand  
45° Male Joint**

- Place worktop face down and postformed edge towards you.
- Place two pins in the holes marked M45.
- Position the jig as shown making sure both pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.

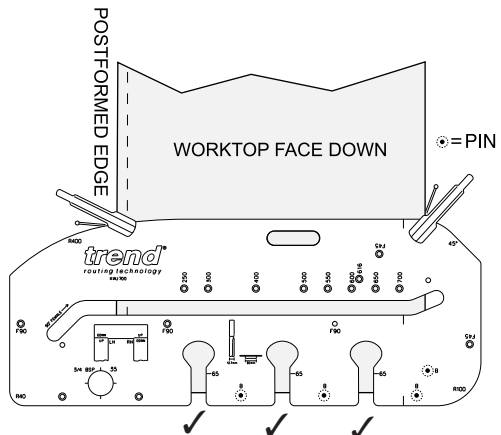


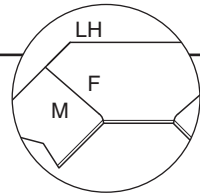
**Routing for Right Hand  
45° Male Joint**

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

**Cutting Bolt Recess Slots for  
Male 45° Connecting Bolt**

- Place worktop face down as shown.
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig as shown making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.

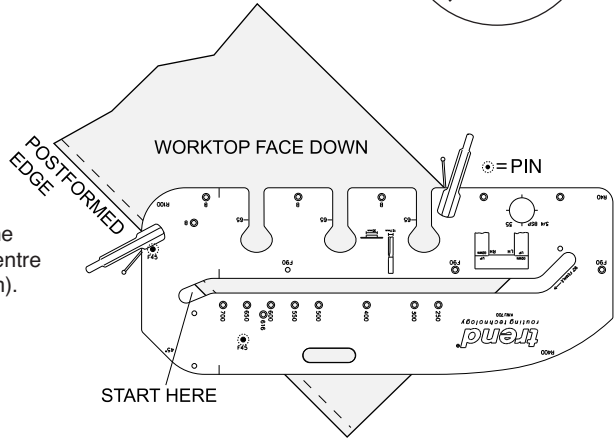




## 45° JOINT - LEFT HAND

### Setting Up for Left Hand 45° Female Joint

- Place worktop face down and postformed edge towards you.
- Place two pins in the holes marked F45.
- Position the jig making sure the back of the jig is lined up with the pencil mark (650mm from the centre line - see cutting to size diagram).
- Secure the jig with clamps.

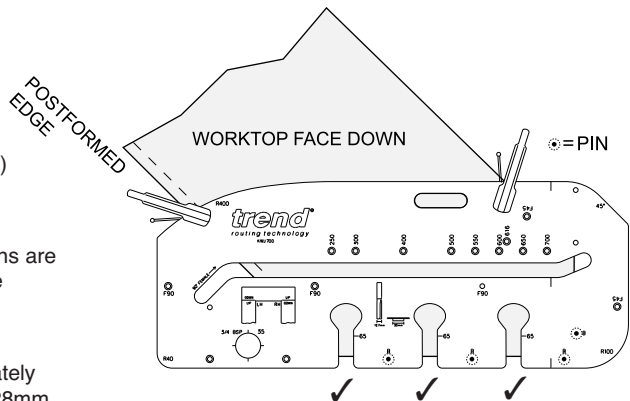


### Routing for Left Hand 45° Female Joint

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.

### Cutting Bolt Recess Slots Female 45° Connecting Bolt

- Place worktop face down with the postformed edge towards you.
- Make sure the shaded area is cut off for the appropriate width of the worktop. (see cutting to size diagram)
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.



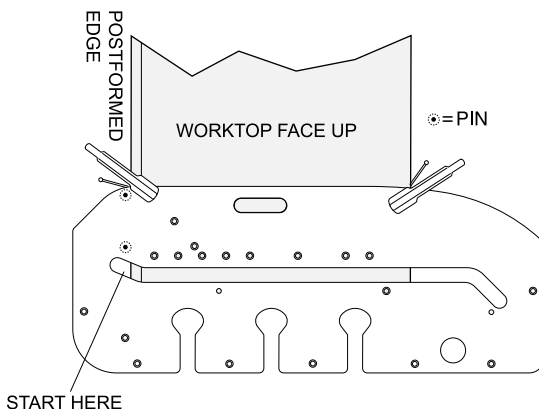


## Setting Up for Left Hand 45° Male Joint

- Place worktop face up and postformed edge towards you.
- Place two pins in the holes marked M45.
- Position the jig making sure both pins are pushed firmly against the worktop edge.
- Secure the jig with clamps.

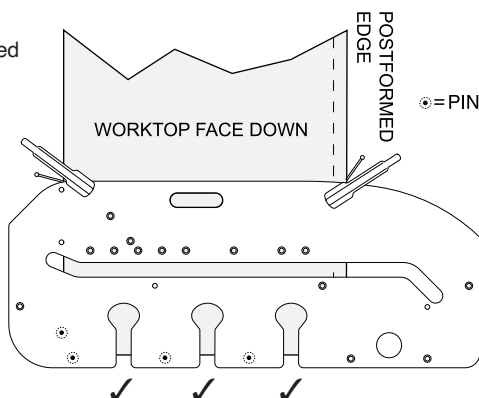
## Routing for Left Hand 45° Male Joint

- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm for your first roughing cut.
- Position the router on the left hand side of the slot and start cutting by pulling the router towards the edge of the slot closest to you.
- Increase the depth of cut and repeat until the roughing cut is completed.
- For the finish cut, position the router on the left hand side of the slot (with the router set for the full depth of cut) and cut by pushing the router towards the edge of the slot furthest away from you.



## Cutting Bolt Recess Slots for Male 45° Connecting Bolt

- Place worktop face down with the postformed edge towards you.
- Place three location pins in the holes marked B.
- Place the jig making sure all three pins are pushed firmly against the edge of the worktop.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- The bolt recess should be approximately 20mm deep for 30mm worktop and 28mm deep for 40mm worktop
- Repeat for all the slots required.

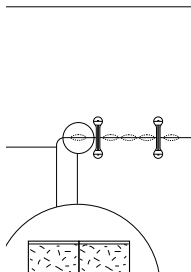


### Strengthening the Joint

If the joint between the worktops is not supported underneath, after some time the joint may 'sag' and become misaligned; to reduce this the joint should be reinforced with a loose tongue or biscuit dowels. The biscuit jointing cutter set Ref. 342 or C152 can be used with a portable router. The size of biscuit used should be No. 20.

Ref. BSC/20/100 (100 biscuits)

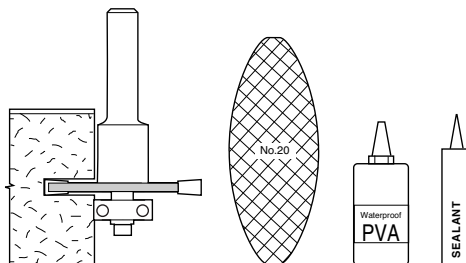
A 650mm worktop should have at least 5 biscuits.



### Sealing the Joint

The cut edges of the joint should be coated with a water-resistant adhesive, or sealant before assembly, to prevent moisture seeping into the core of the worktops, which would swell, and disfigure the worktop.

Use a fine grit abrasive paper to clean up the torn wood chips of both mating surfaces. Lightly run the abrasive paper along the edges to de-nib the cut chipboard edge. This will ensure a tidy joint is achieved.



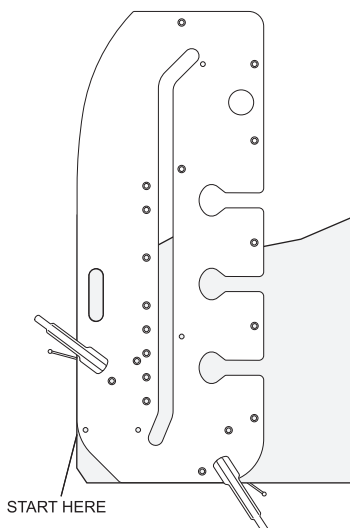
### 45° Angle End Cut

Locate the template on the worktop and line up by eye, ensuring the jig is laid at least 8mm in from the edges of the worktop to allow for the cutter and guide bush offset. Secure the jig with clamps.

It is recommended that depth stops are used and three or four cuts taken. Cut from left to right.

**In order to prevent break out of the laminate, rotation of the cutter and feed direction of the router must always be into the postform edge of worktop.**

### Routing the 45° End Cut



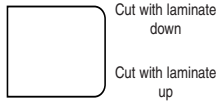
**Corner Radius**  
**R40mm or R100mm**

**Special Note:** Due to the nature of this particular cut, the corner radius will be more awkward to edge laminate.

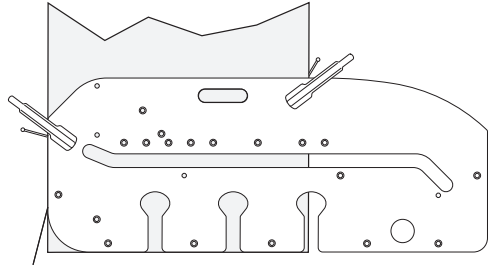
Locate the template on the worktop and line up by eye, ensuring the jig is laid at least 8mm in from the edges of the worktop to allow for the cutter and guide bush offset. Secure the jig with clamps.

When cutting the radius hold the router guide bush against the template radius. Feed left to right.

It is recommended that the router depth stops are used and three or four cuts are taken.



**Routing the Corner Radius**



START HERE

**The radius size engraved into jigs is the resulting radius using a cutter and guide bush.**

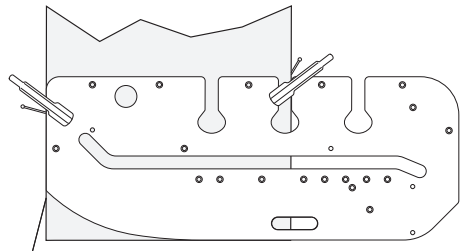
**Curved Peninsular R400mm**

Locate the template on the worktop and line up by eye, ensuring the jig is laid at least 8mm in from the edges of the worktop to allow for the cutter and guide bush offset. Secure the jig with clamps.

When cutting the curved peninsular, hold the router guide bush against the edge of the template. Cut from left to right.

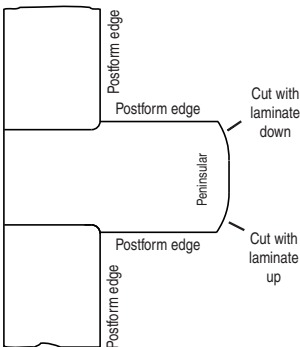
It is recommended that depth stops are used and at least three or four cuts taken.

**Routing the Curved Peninsular**



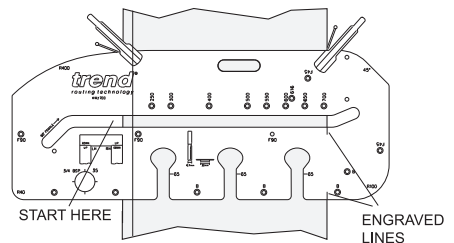
START HERE

**Peninsular End Cuts**



**Square End Routing of Worktops**

The jig can be used to square cut the worktop using the central slot. Engraved lines on the jig correspond to the edge of the worktop. Up to 650mm wide worktops can be square cut using the central slot as a router guide. Follow the cutting instructions on previous pages to cut the worktop.

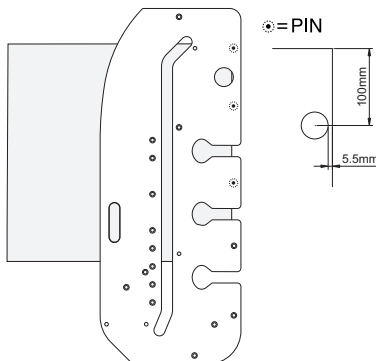


START HERE

ENGRAVED LINES

## Routing 35mm Circular Hinge Recess

- Mark the position of the hinge on the door. The centre of the holes should be roughly 100mm from the top of the door to give the required support, ensure this measurement is as accurate as possible.
- Position two pins in the holes marked in the diagram right.
- Position the jig as shown in the diagram with the two pins pushed up against the edge of the door.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- Set the depth for 10mm.
- Commence cutting of the recess making sure to clean out the material in the centre of the hole as well as round the edge.
- Repeat operation increasing the cut by 1mm, therefore setting the total depth for 11mm. (This should be enough clearance for most hinges. Adjust this measurement if you require holes for thicker hinge heads).



## Routing 3/4" BSP Hole



### Please check hole size is suitable for mixer tap.

- Mark position of hole for tap in worktop.
- Place jig in position so that hole in jig is over hole position.
- Secure the jig with clamps.
- Set the depth of cut for 8-10mm and plunge cut. Repeat at different depths until hole is routed.

After use store jig carefully.

## MAINTENANCE

Please use only Trend original spare parts and accessories.

The jig has been designed to operate over a long period of time with a minimum of maintenance. Continual satisfactory operation depends upon proper tool care and regular cleaning.

### Cleaning

- Regularly clean the jig with a soft cloth.

### Lubrication

- Your jig requires no additional lubrication.

### Storage

- After use store jig in its packaging or it can be hung on a wall hook.
- An accessory case is available, Ref CASE/1001.

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

### Recycle raw materials instead of disposing as waste.

Packaging should be sorted for environmental-friendly recycling.

The product and its accessories at the end of their life should be sorted for environmental friendly recycling.

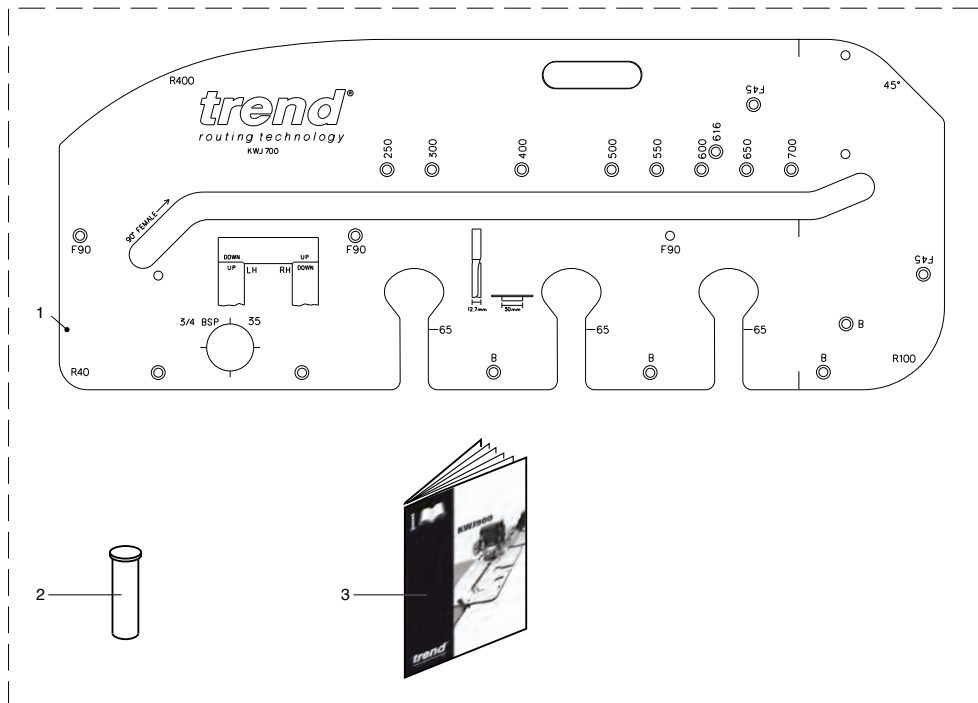
## GUARANTEE

The jig carries a manufacturers guarantee in accordance with the conditions on the enclosed guarantee card.

**KWJ700 - SPARE PARTS DIAGRAM**

v1.0 03/2013

Please use only Trend original spare parts.



<b>KWJ700 - SPARE PARTS LIST</b>			<b>v1.0 03/2013</b>
<b>No.</b>	<b>Qty.</b>	<b>Desc.</b>	<b>Ref.</b>
1	1	KWJ700	KWJ700
2	1	Pin 10mm plastic (pack of 4)	KWJ/PIN/4
3	1	Manual	MANU/KWJ700

## TROUBLE SHOOTING

<b>Fault</b>	<b>Cause</b>	<b>Remedy</b>
<p>■ Joint does not fit correctly at the radius.</p>	<p>Cutter or guide bush is the incorrect diameter or location pins are not against worktop edge.</p>	<p>Check concentricity of cutter with guide bush. Cutter 12.7mm diameter with 30mm diameter guide bush. Ensure location pins touch worktop.</p>
<p>■ The back edge of the joint does not line up.</p>	<p>Either the end stop pin or template was in the incorrect position, or the worktop has not pushed up against the end pin stop when the joint was cut.</p>	<p>Check position of end stop pin and re-cut joints.</p>
<p>■ When clamped together the joint has irregular gaps.</p>	<p>The guide bush has drifted away from the edge of the template whilst cutting either part of the joint, or wood chips in particle board have torn slightly.</p>	<p>Check with a straight edge which part of the joint is uneven and re-cut (this can only be done on the male cut) ensuring that the guide bush is kept against the template by machining from left to right. Use abrasive paper to remove torn wood chips.</p>
<p>■ Chipped laminate</p>	<p>Can be caused by a blunt cutter or removing too much material at one pass or exiting out of postform edge.</p>	<p>Always use sharp cutters and when cutting through the laminate cut 3–4mm of material. Maintain correct feed direction, to ensure cutter enters postform edge.</p>
<p>■ Jig slipping on material</p>	<p>Clamps not secure or too deep a cut being made or cutter is blunt.</p>	<p>Check clamps for wear. Clamp securely, take shallow passes, use a sharp cutter.</p>
<p>■ Cut joints not square</p>	<p>Router has tilted or operator has leaned heavily on router causing jig flex.</p>	<p>Ensure jig is supported and do not push hard on router taking shallow passes. Ensure weight of router is on supported part of jig and that the router is upright.</p>
<p>■ Assembled joint not flush or bowed</p>	<p>Worktop different thickness or worktop not flat (cupped).</p>	<p>Ensure worktop is same thickness and flat.</p>

MANU/KWJ700 v2.1



RECYCLABLE

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