

THE PERFECT FINISH

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Stone Touch

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended., COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the co	mpany/undertaking
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1.1. Product identifier

Supplier

Product name Stone Touch

Product number 440.0009436.076.09022015

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

F	PlastiKote Ltd.
e	675 Eskdale Road,
V	Vinnersh,
V	Vokingham, Berkshire,
F	RG41 5TS
ι	JK
Т	: +44 (0) 844 736 2235
S	ds@plasti-kote.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	+44(0) 844 736 2235	
	08:00 - 17:00 h (UK)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture				
Classification (EC/1272/2008)				
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229			
Health hazards	STOT RE 2 - H373			
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
2.2. Label elements				
Pictogram				

Signal word

Danger

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.	
Precautionary statements	 P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. 	
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Contains	Silica	
Supplementary precautionary statements	P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.	
2.3. Other hazards		
This product does not contain	any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
SECTION 3: Composition/info	rmation on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene) 10		
CAS number: 64742-48-9	EC number: 265-150-3	
Classification Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Silica	10-30%	
CAS number: 14808-60-7	EC number: 238-878-4	
Classification STOT RE 2 - H373		
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene) 5-7		
CAS number: 64741-66-8	EC number: 265-068-8	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		

Butane		5-10%
CAS number: 106-97-8	EC number: 203-448-7	
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280		
Titanium dioxide		1-5%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	
Substance with National workplace	e exposure limits.	
Classification Not Classified		
Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether		1-5%
CAS number: 9004-62-0		
Substance with National workplace	e exposure limits.	
Classification Not Classified		
Ethanediol		<1%
CAS number: 107-21-1	EC number: 203-473-3	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT RE 2 - H373		
2-aminoethanol		<1%
CAS number: 141-43-5	EC number: 205-483-3	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 STOT SE 3 - H335		
Aluminium hydroxide		<1%
CAS number: 21645-51-2	EC number: 244-492-7	
Substance with National workplace	e exposure limits.	
Classification Not Classified		

Glycerol		<1%
CAS number: 56-81-5	EC number: 200-289-5	
Substance with National workplace	e exposure limits.	
Classification		
Not Classified		
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		<1%
CAS number: 2634-33-5	EC number: 220-120-9	
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
The full text for all hazard statemen	nts is displayed in Section 16.	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Mayo offeeted person to freeh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfertable for
Innalauon	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person warm and at rest. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
4.3. Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Specific treatments	No specific chemical antidote is known to be required after exposure to this product.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

SECTION 5. Filelighting measures				
5.1. Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.			
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture			
Specific hazards Pressurised container: may burst if heated The product is extremely flammable. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.				
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of carbon.			
5.3. Advice for firefighters				
Protective actions during firefighting	Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours.			
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear chemical protective suit. Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles.			
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures			
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures			
Personal precautions	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes.			
6.2. Environmental precaution	S			
Environmental precautions	- Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely. Avoid discharge into drains.			
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up			
Methods for cleaning up	Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb spillage with oil-absorbing material.			
6.4. Reference to other section	IS			
Reference to other sections	— For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.			
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage			
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling			
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited.			
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities			
Storage precautions	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place.			
7.3. Specific end use(s)				
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.			
SECTION 8: Exposure Contro	Is/personal protection			
R 1 Control parameters				

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Silica

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust

Butane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m³

Titanium dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 20 mg/m³ inhalable dust

Ethanediol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ particulate Sk

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 52 mg/m³ vapour Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 40 ppm 104 mg/m³ vapour Sk

2-aminoethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 3 ppm 7.6 mg/m³ Sk

Aluminium hydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 mg/m³

Glycerol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ mist WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Hygiene measures	When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove non-impervious clothing that becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Contains low-boiling liquids. Use an air-supplied respirator, if necessary. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible.
Thermal hazards	Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.

SECTION 9:	Dhyseleal		Ohamiaal	Dranadiaa
SECTION 9	Physical	and	C.nemical	Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Aerosol.	
Colour	Off-white. Cream.	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
рН	Not relevant. The product is insoluble in water.	
Melting point	Not available. Technically not feasible.	
Initial boiling point and range	-42 °C - 0°C @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	< -60°C CC (Closed cup).	
Evaporation rate	No information available. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 10 %	
Vapour pressure	1000 mbar @ 20°C	
Vapour density	> 1 Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.	
Relative density	~ 0.85	
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water. Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.	
Auto-ignition temperature	~450°C	
Viscosity	No information available.	
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	The product is extremely flammable.	
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.	
9.2. Other information		
Volatility	Highly volatile.	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not applicable.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	None at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).	
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects	
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD∞)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	May cause defatting of the skin but is not an irritant. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Extreme pH	Not relevant.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

Specific targe	et organ toxicity -	sinale exposure	
STOT - single		Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific targe	et organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repea	ated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Target organ	s	No specific target organs known.	
Aspiration ha	zard		
Aspiration ha	zard	Not relevant.	
Inhalation		Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.	
Ingestion		Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.	
Skin contact		Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
Eye contact		May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Route of entr	у	Inhalation Dermal	
Target organ	s	No specific target organs known.	
Medical symp	otoms	Fatigue. Headache. Coughing. Dry skin. Allergic rash.	
Medical cons	iderations	Skin disorders and allergies.	
Toxicological	Toxicological information on ingredients.		
		Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)	
	Acute toxicity - or	al	
	Notes (oral LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Acute toxicity - de	ormal	
	Notes (dermal LD	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Acute toxicity - in	nalation	
	Notes (inhalation	LC50) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Skin corrosion/irr	tation	
	Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Serious eye damage/irritation		
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Respiratory sens	tisation	
	Respiratory sens	tisation No information available.	

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation	Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 0.05 mL , Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEC >20000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Fetotoxicity: - NOAEL: 23900 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxici	ty - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxici	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEC 1402 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat, Mouse NOAEL 0.5 mL , Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are
	not met.
Aspiration hazard	not met.
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	not met. Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Propane
Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀)	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Propane
Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀) Acute toxicity - dermal	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Propane Technically not feasible.
Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀) Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Propane Technically not feasible.
Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀) Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD ₅₀) Acute toxicity - inhalation Acute toxicity inhalation	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Propane Technically not feasible. Technically not feasible.
Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀) Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD ₅₀) Acute toxicity - inhalation Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ gases ppmV)	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Propane Technically not feasible. 800,000.0

Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritati		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Screening - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 12000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicit	ty - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.	
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Notes (inhalation LC50)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are	
· · · · · ·	not met.	

Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe erythema (3). Oedema score: Slight oedema - edges of area well defined by definite raising (2). REACH dossier information. Irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion	
Serious eye damage/irritation	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 0.05 mL , Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEC >20000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 23900 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxici	ty - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.	
Butane		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Technically not feasible.	

Acute toxicity - dermal		
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Technically not feasible.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)	539,600.0	
Species	Mouse	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	539,600.0	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Technically not feasible.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	Not determined. Scientifically unjustified.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 12000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxici	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicit	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	• NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.	
SECTION 12: Ecological Information		

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity	The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.		
Ecological i	information on ingredients.		
	ļ	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LL₅₀, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL50, 48 hours: 4.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EL50, 72 hours: 3.1 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum	
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	LL₅₀, 14 days: 5.2 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)	
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL50, 21 days: 10 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
		Propane	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 27.98 mg/l, Estimated value.	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	LC₅₀, 48 hours: 14.22 mg/l, Estimated value.	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 7.71 mg/l, Estimated value.	
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	No information available.	
		Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LL₅₀, 96 hours: 8.2 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL50, 48 hours: 4.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EL50, 72 hours: 3.1 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum	
	Chronic aquatic toxicity		
	NOEC		
	Degradability		
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOELR, 48 hours: 2.6 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) LL₅₀, 14 days: 5.2 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)	
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOELR, 21 days: 2.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
		Butane	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 24.1 mg/l, Estimated value	

Estimated value.

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Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 14.2 mg/l,
invertebrates	Estimated value.
Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 7.7 mg/l,
plants	Estimated value.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

Ecological information on ingredients.

	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 77%: 28 days The substance is readily biodegradable.
	Propane
Persistence and degradability	Highly volatile.
Phototransformation	Water - DT₅₀∶ 1906 days
Stability (hydrolysis)	Not applicable.
Biodegradation	Water - 100%: 385.5 hours
	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)
Phototransformation	No information available.
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	The substance is readily biodegradable. REACH dossier information.
	Butane
Phototransformation	Not determined.
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Water - DT₅₀:3.5 days Estimated value. The substance is readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential The p	roduct does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating
Ecological information on ingredients.	<u>.</u>
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: ~ 10-2500, Estimated value.

Propane

	Partition coefficient	log Pow: 1.09	
		Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)	
	Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: ~ 10-2500, Estimated value.	
		Butane	
	Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating.	
12.4. Mobilit	y in soil		
Mobility		duct is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. The product solution of the organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	
Ecological ir	formation on ingredients.		
		Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)	
	Mobility	Volatile.	
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	- log Koc: ~ 2 @ 20°C Estimated value.	
		Propane	
	Mobility	Highly volatile.	
		Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)	
	Mobility	Volatile.	
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - log Koc: ~ 2 @ 20°C	
		Butane	
	Mobility	The product is insoluble in water. Highly volatile.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.			
Ecological ir	formation on ingredients.		
		Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)	
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
		Propane	
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
		Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)	

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

Butane

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. **assessment**

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% benzene)

Other adverse effects	None known.

Propane

Other adverse effects None known.

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate (<0.1% benzene)

Other adverse effects None known.

Butane

Other adverse effe	ects None known.			
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations				
13.1. Waste treatment methods				
General information	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.			
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities. Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.			
Waste class	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied. [08 01 11*] / [20 01 27*]			
SECTION 14: Transport information				
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.			
14.1. UN number				
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950			
UN No. (IMDG)	1950			
UN No. (ICAO)	1950			
UN No. (ADN)	1950			

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Aerosols, flammable

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID class 2 (5F)

	- ()
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
ADN class	2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824). EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	 Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.

Health and environmental listings	Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants (as amended). Regulation (EC) 689/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals (as amended). None of the ingredients are listed.
Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.
SEVESO	P3a - Lower tier 150 tonnes, Upper tier 500 tonnes.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration. NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. BCF: Bioconcentration Factor. Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Bridging principle (Aerosols). STOT RE 2 - H373, Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412, EUH208: Calculation method. EUH066: Expert judgement.
Revision date	09/03/2016
Revision	3
Supersedes date	09/02/2015
SDS number	1013

Hazard statements in full	H220 Extremely flammable gas.
	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated
	H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated
	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.